

智慧

锦囊

六年级 英语

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—OK! Here's a _____. Let's go in.

A . a toy shop B . a fruit shop C . a snack bar

12 . There isn't _____ milk in the fridge. What about _____ juice? ()

A . some; some B . any; any C . any; some D . some; any

13 . Were there _____ black _____ in the sky? ()

A . some; cloudy B . any; clouds C . some; clouds D . any; cloud

14 . It's _____ turn. Please read the text. ()

A . you B . we C . Sam's

15 . They showed _____ the new clothes. ()

A . him B . king C . my

16 . The weather was _____ last Sunday. ()

A . rain B . rains C . rainy D . raining

17 . —How do you go to work every day? ()

—I go to work _____.

A . take a bus B . by bus C . drive a car

18 . Mike came to school _____. ()

A . on feet B . by a car C . by car

19 . We can see _____ in Shanghai. ()

A . the Bund B . Tian'anmen Square C . Summer Palace

20 . Where's _____ mobile phone? ()

A . a B . an C . the

21 . There are _____ on the ground. ()

A . two roll of film B . two rolls of film C . two roll of films

22 . The _____ is not the main school holiday in the UK. ()

A . Easter holiday B . summer holiday C . Halloween holiday

23 . Let's draw a picture. Please take out _____. ()

A . a paper B . papers C . a piece of paper

24 . _____ is on October 1st. ()

A . Children's Day B . the Spring Festival C . National Day

25 . The Easter holiday, the summer holiday and the Christmas holiday are three main holidays in

- 39 . In the US, people call the metro _____. In the UK, people call it _____. ()
 A . minibus; underground B . subway; underground C . underground; subway
- 40 . In _____, people call the metro “subway”. ()
 A . the UK B . the US C . China
- 41 . This is _____ ruler. You should give _____ to _____. ()
 A . she; it; her B . she’s; her; it C . her; it; her
- 42 . There is a _____ over there. We can have lunch there. ()
 A . cinema B . restaurant C . post office
- 43 . We can see this sign  _____. ()
 A . at a snack bar B . in a restaurant C . on the metro D . on the street
- 44 . —We can have something to eat or drink here. What’s the sign? ()
 —_____
 A . No eating or drinking. B . No littering. C . Restaurant.
- 45 . We can see some _____ on the metro. What _____ they mean? ()
 A . sign; do B . signs; do C . signs; does D . sign; does
- 46 . There are many ducks around _____. ()
 A . their B . they C . them
- 47 . People call the metro “_____” in the UK. ()
 A . train B . underground C . subway
- 48 . They see a lot of dogs around _____. ()
 A . them B . their C . they
- 49 . The books are on the ground. Please _____. ()
 A . pick it up B . pick up them C . pick them up
- 50 . There’s _____ rubbish, so there _____ any fish in the river. ()
 A . too many; aren’t B . too much; isn’t C . too much; aren’t
- 51 . Your books are on the floor. _____. ()
 A . pick it up B . Pick them up C . Pick up them
- 52 . What a clean river! _____ are living happily in the river. ()
 A . Ants B . Fish C . Bees

- 53 . The UK called underground _____, the US names it _____. ()
 A . metro; highway B . subway; metro C . metro; subway D . highway; subway
- 54 . Toys _____ your bedroom messy. Please put _____ in the box. ()
 A . makes; them B . made; it C . make; them
- 55 . —Dad, I helped mum cleaned house this morning. ()
 —_____, my boy!
 A . Good idea B . Well done C . What a pity
- 56 . Bobby’s mother saw too much _____ on the ground, she _____ angry. ()
 A . toys; got B . paper; gets C . rubbish; got
- 57 . We shouldn’t use _____ plastic bags _____ bottles. ()
 A . too many; and B . too many; or C . too much; or
- 58 . _____ comes from trees. ()
 A . Plastic B . Wood C . Glass
- 59 . People shouldn’t use _____ plastic bags. Because _____ plastic is bad for the Earth. ()
 A . too many; too much B . too much; too much C . too much; too many
- 60 . There is a lot of _____ in the river. ()
 A . fishes B . bottles C . water
- 61 . Earth Day is on _____. ()
 A . 22nd April B . 5th June C . 25th December
- 62 . Please collect some _____ and bottles before class. ()
 A . books B . paper C . bag D . pen
- 63 . World Environment Day is on _____. ()
 A . 6th May B . 22nd April C . 5th June D . 6th June
- 64 . Earth Day is on _____. ()
 A . 22nd May B . 5th June C . 22nd April
- 65 . We should not use too _____ water, and we should not use too _____ plastic bags.
 ()
 A . many; much B . much; many C . much; much
- 66 . It’s the 5th of June. It’s _____. ()
 A . Children’s Day B . World Environment Day

C . Earth Day

D . Mother's Day

67 . There is a lot of _____ in the river. ()

A . fish

B . rubbish

C . boats

68 . We shouldn't use _____. ()

A . plastic bags or bottles

B . too much plastic

C . wood

69 . Thanksgiving is a very important holiday in _____. ()

A . The PRC

B . the UK

C . the US

70 . _____ is the most important holiday in the UK. ()

A . Thanksgiving Day

B . Christmas

C . Mid-Autumn Festival

71 . —What holiday is the most important in China? ()

—_____.

A . Christmas Day

B . Thanksgiving Day

C . Spring Festival



动词

1 . Yu Gong and his family worked hard to _____ the mountains _____. ()

A . move; away

B . take; into

C . take; away

2 . _____ there a party at Mike's house last Sunday? ()

A . Are

B . Was

C . Were

3 . Can you show us _____ your new clothes? ()

A . about

B . to

C . /

4 . My sister points _____ that old woman. ()

A . for

B . on

C . at

5 . A woman _____ that boy that day. ()

A . laugh

B . laughed at

C . laughs

6 . Please _____ the new clothes. ()

A . have a try

B . fit

C . try on

7 . The man wanted _____ the way to the forest. ()

A . to ask

B . asked

C . to asked

8 . It was _____ last Wednesday and it _____ all day. ()

A . raining; rainy

B . rainy; rained

C . rained; raining

36 . I like _____ in the city. Would you like _____ in the city? ()

A . living; to live B . living; living C . to live; living

37 . You can _____ in the bin. ()

A . put rubbish B . puts rubbish C . putting rubbish

38 . Wang Bing _____ the bus to school yesterday. ()

A . get B . by C . took

39 . _____ the air clean. We should plant more trees. ()

A . Keep B . To keep C . Kept

40 . —What can we use water _____? ()

—To wash a lot of things.

A . to do B . do C . does

41 . Trees help _____ the air clean. ()

A . keep B . keeps C . keeping D . kept

42 . There _____ rubbish in the water and the fish _____ dead. ()

A . is; are B . are; is C . am; is D . are; are

43 . _____ the Earth, we shouldn't use too much plastic. ()

A . Protect B . To protect C . Protecting D . Protects

44 . Wood _____ trees. We use wood to make tables. ()

A . comes from B . come from C . coming from

45 . We should love and _____ our Earth. ()

A . protects B . protect C . protected

46 . _____ the Earth, we can save water. ()

A . To protect B . Protect C . Protecting

47 . We should _____ to protect the earth. ()

A . save water B . waste energy C . cut trees

48 . We use wood _____ some chairs and tables. ()

A . make B . making C . to make

49 . There is not much water. We should _____ water. ()

A . waste B . reuse C . make

50 . Who are you going to _____? ()

- 10 . Would you like to _____ lunch _____ the park? ()
 A . bring; for B . bring; to C . took; to D . brought; for
- 11 . I often go to the park _____ bus _____ my friends. ()
 A . on; with B . by; and C . by; with D . in; with
- 12 . It rained all day _____ 12th September. ()
 A . at B . on C . in
- 13 . The lion always walks _____ the forest every day. ()
 A . on B . under C . through
- 14 . - Where is the vase? ()
 - It's _____ the map.
 A . in front of B . in the front of C . in front
- 15 . Can you pick _____ the Walkman _____ me? ()
 A . up; to B . for; from C . up; for
- 16 . —Can you make a sentence _____ “like”? ()
 —Yes. I like reading.
 A . at B . in C . with
- 17 . The tiger walked _____ the forest with a piece of meat _____ his mouth. ()
 A . through; in B . on; at C . with; in
- 18 . —Do you know the news? ()
 —Yes, Mrs Brown _____ me _____ it yesterday.
 A . told; for B . says about C . told; about
- 19 . My father _____ an email _____ his friend last night. ()
 A . writes; for B . wrote; from C . wrote; to
- 20 . My friend and I _____ shopping _____ the Internet. ()
 A . do; in B . does; in C . do; on
- 21 . My sister couldn't write _____ two years ago, but she was _____ at _____. ()
 A . good; good; to read B . well; well; reading
 C . well; good; reading D . good; well; read
- 22 . Her mother likes doing shopping _____ the Internet. ()
 A . or B . on C . at

A . many; for B . many; to C . much; for D . much; to

38 . —When is Earth Day? ()

—It's _____.

A . on 22nd April B . on 5th June C . in 22nd April

39 . We use too much plastic. It's bad _____ our Earth. ()

A . on B . for C . in D . with

40 . Mr Green is standing _____ the school gate. ()

A . at B . on C . in

41 . They often play football _____ Tuesday afternoon. ()

A . on B . in C . for

42 . To save more energy, we can go out by bus or _____ . ()

A . by taxi B . by car C . on foot

43 . Yang Ling got an email _____ her e-friend yesterday. ()

A . in B . to C . from

44 . _____ Chinese New Year's Day, we usually wear new clothes. ()

A . At B . In C . On

45 . We are talking about our plans _____ the weekend. ()

A . to B . of C . for

46 . Christmas Day is _____ 25th December. ()

A . in B . at C . on D . for

47 . _____ Chinese New Year, people can have a big dinner with their family. ()

A . In B . At C . On

48 . We're going to have dinner with my parents _____ Chinese New Year's Eve. ()

A . on B . at C . in

49 . My parents are talking _____ their plans _____ Chinese New Year. ()

A . about; to B . to; for C . about; for D . to, at

50 . Su Hai gets a book _____ her mother. ()

A . in B . from C . to

51 . We're going to say "Happy Chinese New Year" _____ our friends. ()

A . of B . about C . to



形容词副词

- 1 . The boy lost his little dog yesterday. He's very _____. ()
A . happy B . sad C . cute
- 2 . I can row the boat. It's _____ for me. ()
A . cute B . easy C . difficult
- 3 . _____ people wear jeans. ()
A . Scottish B . American C . Chinese D . Japanese
- 4 . The bird is so _____. It can talk. ()
A . foolish B . clever C . beautiful
- 5 . Lily is a _____ girl. She always gives the teacher quick answers. ()
A . clever B . foolish C . nice D . funny
- 6 . —Why were you all _____? ()
—It was too _____.
A . thirsty; cold B . wet; rainy C . hungry; hot
- 7 . Yesterday was very _____. My family went to the park and flew kites. ()
A . windy B . rainy C . sunny
- 8 . It was _____ in the morning. But it _____ in the afternoon. ()
A . sunny; rainy B . sunny; rained C . cloudy; rainy
- 9 . The weather was _____ last Sunday. ()
A . rain B . rains C . rainy D . raining
- 10 . Look! This is an _____ cowboy. ()
A . american B . American C . America
- 11 . It was an _____ fashion show yesterday and all of us were very _____. ()
A . exciting; exciting B . exciting; excited C . excited; exciting
- 12 . We are watching _____ football match. ()
A . an excited B . an exciting C . an excite
- 13 . Bobby is _____ about the _____ fashion show. ()
A . exciting; interested B . excited; interesting C . excite; interesting
- 14 . It is often _____ in summer. There is a lot of _____ this year. ()

A . rain; rainy B . rainy; rain C . rainy; rains D . rain; rains

15 . The students are studying very _____. ()

A . good B . hardly C . hard

16 . In summer, it's not very _____ in Harbin. ()

A . cold B . hot C . rain

17 . Trees can keep the air _____. ()

A . messy B . clean C . dirty

18 . Cars use _____ oil, so we shouldn't drive so _____. ()

A . many; much B . a lot of; many

C . lot of; lot D . a lot of; much

19 . Let's put some plants in our classroom. They can help keep the air _____. ()

A . dirty B . messy C . fresh

20 . We have _____ at school every morning and afternoon. ()

A . funny B . fun C . a fun

21 . Your dress looks _____! ()

A . well B . nice C . bad

22 . We had _____ yesterday. ()

A . a lot fun B . a lot of fun C . a lot of funny

23 . I have some red packets. I'm _____ now. ()

A . sad B . poor C . Rich

模块二 基础知识



英汉互译

1. 昨天迈克给我们讲了个有趣的故事，我们都笑得很开心。

Mike ____ us an interesting story yesterday, we all ____ happily.

2. 一个小男孩指着那只猴子大笑。

A little boy pointed _____ the monkey and _____.

3. 国王穿着他的新衣服步行穿过了街道。

The king _____ the _____ in his new _____.

4. 我能为我的洋娃娃做新衣服。

I can _____ clothes _____ my doll.

5. 很久以前，有一个愚蠢的国王。

Long long _____, there was a _____.

6. 昨天在商店里有许多人。

There _____ a lot of _____ the shop yesterday.

7. 轮到你了。

It's _____.

8. 愚蠢的人看不见它们。

_____ can't see _____.

9. 每位学生说一个句子。

_____ says one _____.

10. 大街上有许多人。(过去时)

There _____ a lot of _____ in the _____.

11. 很久以前有一座山叫花果山。

_____, there _____ the Mountain of Flowers and Fruits.

12. 我们必须重新开始这个故事。

We _____ start the story _____.

13. 你能为我做一条长裙吗?

Can you _____ a dress _____ me?

14. 轮到波比了, 他正在努力思考。

It's Bobby's _____. He is _____ hard.

15. 请不要嘲笑别人!

Please don't _____ others!

16. 每一个学生都努力学习。

_____ student _____ hard.

17. 李爷爷对我们很好。

Grandpa Li is _____ us.

18. What happened to her? (英译汉)

19. 昨晚我的奶奶给我们讲了一个有趣的故事。

My grandmother _____ an interesting story last night.

20. 这个女孩总喜欢对着小狗大叫。

The girl always likes _____ the dog.

21. —昨天你带来了什么作为早饭?

—我带来了一些面包和牛奶。

—_____ did you bring for breakfast yesterday?

—I _____ some bread and milk.

22. 山姆上周在公园里遇到了博比。

Sam _____ Bobby in the _____ last week.

23. —去年国庆你去哪了?

—我去了海南, 我在海边捡了许多漂亮的贝壳。

—_____ did you _____ last National Day?

—I _____ to Hainan. I _____ up many beautiful shells by the sea.

24. 在下午天空中没有任何乌云。

In the afternoon, there _____ any black _____ in the sky.

25. 昨天我妹妹想去超市, 但是她迷路了。

Yesterday my sister _____ go to the supermarket, but she _____ her _____.

26. 我妈妈上周没有做很多家务活。

My mother _____ of housework last week.

27. 他一家人在剧院里看了一场有意思的戏剧。

His family _____ an _____ play in the theatre.

28. 那架飞机在天空中飞得如此高。

The plane _____ in the sky.

29. 该起床了, 汤姆。

It's time _____, Tom.

30. 昨天下午, 天空乌云密布。

There were a lot of _____ in the sky yesterday afternoon.

31. —今天星期几啊? —今天是星期三。

—_____ day is it today?

—It's _____.

32. 我们为野餐带来了一瓶蜂蜜, 一些面包和一些饮料。

We _____ a _____ of honey, some bread and drink for the picnic.

33. 上个星期日整天都是晴天。

It _____ last Sunday.

34. 她的爸爸给她讲了一个故事。

Her father _____ a story.

35. 李老师和她的学生们正在玩一个游戏。

Miss Li and _____ a game

36. 今天早上公园里有一场鹦鹉展。

There _____ a _____ in the park this morning.

37. 每一个学生说一个句子。

_____ student _____ a sentence.

38. 他看起来很伤心。他怎么了?

He _____ sad. What's _____ him?

39. 我们看见了一些有趣的鹦鹉。

We _____ some _____ parrots.

40. 上周五我和他一起乘汽车去南京的。

_____ and _____ to NanJing _____ last Friday.

41. 昨天，我们举办了一场有趣的时装表演。

Yesterday, we had an _____ show.

42. —你为什么给我打电话？

—因为我想给你苹果。

—Why did you _____ me?

—Because I _____ to _____ you the apples.

43. 我打了电话给他，但他不在家。

I _____, but he _____ at home.

44. —假期里你去了哪里？

—我去了外滩，参观了上海博物馆。

_____ did you _____ for the holiday?

I _____ to the Bund and _____ Shanghai Museum.

45. 它今天上午在桌上的。现在不在了。

It _____ on the desk this morning. It _____ there now.

46. 去年有一些花在房子的前面。

There _____ some flowers in _____ of the house last year.

47. 我们昨天骑车去上学的。

We _____ to school _____ bike yesterday.

48. 上个月，我们去了外滩，看到了许多有趣的事。

We went to the _____ and _____ a lot of interesting _____ last month.

49. 昨天的那场秀进展顺利。

The show _____ yesterday.

50. 你的暑假怎么样？

_____ your summer holiday?

51. —去年国庆节，你做了什么事？—我和家人参观了长城。

—What did you do last _____ Day holiday?

—I visited the _____ with my family.

52. 刘涛上个星期日给我们买了很多食物和饮料。

Liu Tao _____ a lot of _____ and _____ last Sunday.

53. —你为什么打电话给我?

—因为我想给你鱼。

—Why did you _____ me?

—_____ I wanted to give you the fish.

54. 国庆假期过后, 学生们回到了学校。

The students _____ to school after the _____ holiday.

55. 我们摘了很多橘子并钓了鱼。

We _____ many oranges and went _____.

56. 请为我摘一个橘子。我想要树上的一个橘子。

Please _____ an orange for me. I want an orange _____ the tree.

57. 我爷爷以前经常看报纸获取新闻。

My grandpa often _____ news before.

58. Tom 正在朝窗外看。

Tom is _____ of the window.

59. 苏海有着来自世界各地的网友。

Su Hai has _____ from _____ the world.

60. 三年前, 她不会写。

She _____ three years ago.

61. 十年前人们从商店里买东西。

People _____ from shops ten years ago.

62. 我的朋友经常使用手机联系我。

My friends often use _____ to call me.

63. 波比喜欢朝窗外看。

Bobby likes looking _____ the window.

64. 三年前, 迈克不会打篮球。

Mike _____ basketball three _____ ago.

65. —这个星期六, 你做了什么? —我做家务。

—_____ you _____ this _____?

—I _____ housework.

66. 去年他会读书和画画。

He _____ books and _____ last _____.

67. 布朗夫人有世界各地的网友。他们总是在网上聊天。

Mrs Brown has _____ from all over the world. They always _____ on the Internet.

68. —他昨天下午干了什么？

—他写信给他的朋友们了。

—What _____ he _____ yesterday afternoon?

—He _____ to his friends.

69. —你喜欢听收音机吗？

—是的，我喜欢。

—Do you like _____ the _____?

—Yes, I _____.

70. —今天星期几？ —今天是星期三。

—What _____ is it today?

—It _____.

71. 我会用“蛋”造句。

I can _____ “egg”.

72. 他们正在干什么？他们正在上一节英语课。

What _____ they _____? They _____ an _____.

73. 门上有一个“危险”的标识。我们不应该进入。

_____ a sign “Danger” on the door. We _____.

74. 有人在抽烟吗？我能闻到味道。

Is someone _____ here? I can _____ it.

75. 昨天，我想把那些书给你。

I _____ to _____ you the books yesterday.

76. 请不要把你的狗带入书店。

Please don't _____ your dog _____ the bookshop.

77. —这个标志是什么意思？ —它的意思是“危险”。你不能进去。

—What _____ this sign _____?

—It means “Danger!” You can't _____.

78. 请勿吸烟。(汉译英)

79. 请勿乱扔垃圾。(汉译英)

80. 请勿饮食。(汉译英)

81. 我很抱歉。(汉译英)

82. —它是什么意思? —它的意思是你能在这里停车。

—_____ it _____?

—It _____ you can't _____ here.

83. —你不能在这里乱扔垃圾。—对不起。

—You _____ here.

—I'm sorry.

84. —请不要把牛奶带到图书馆里。

—对不起。

—Please don't _____ the milk _____ the library.

—I'm sorry.

85. —我们继续走路吧。

—好的。

—Let's _____.

—All _____.

86. 你不应该将垃圾扔在地上。

You _____ rubbish on the ground.

87. 他经常开车去学校。

He often _____ a car to school.

88. 我们能做什么来保持我们城市清洁? 我们可以把工厂搬离我们的城市。

—What can we do _____ our city clean?

—We can _____ some factories _____ our city.

89. 在我们城市周围有许多博物馆。

There are many _____ our city.

90. 我们可以做什么来保持空气干净? 可以种树。

91. 山姆, 请不要在图书馆随意吃喝。请保持干净。

Sam, _____ eat _____ drink in the library. Please _____ it _____.

92. 我喜欢吃香蕉。(汉译英)

93. Bobby 在地上扔了一个香蕉皮。(汉译英)

94. 太多的塑料对地球有害。

Too _____ _____ is bad _____ the Earth.

95. 你不应该把香蕉皮扔在地上。

You shouldn't _____ a banana _____ on the ground.

96. —Why did you call me? (英译汉)

—Because I wanted to give the fish to you.

97. —How was your holiday? (英译汉)

—It was great fun.

98. What did you do for the holiday? (英译汉)

99. What great fun! (英译汉)

100. How was the weather? (英译汉)



词形变换

1. wear (过去式) _____

2. can (过去式) _____

3. there (同音词) _____

4. tell (过去式) _____

5. angry (副词) _____
7. foolish (反义词) _____
9. they (宾格) _____
11. live (过去式) _____
13. make (过去式) _____
15. people (复数) _____
17. happy (反义词) _____
19. do (过去分词) _____
21. sad (反义词) _____
23. fly (过去式) _____
25. sun (形容词) _____
27. high (同音词) _____
29. bring (过去式) _____
31. become (过去式) _____
33. happy (反义词) _____
35. lose (过去式) _____
37. eat (过去式) _____
39. draw (过去式) _____
41. worry (第三人称单数) _____
43. second (缩略式) _____
45. fish (复数) _____
47. much (同义词) _____
49. drink (过去式) _____
51. holiday (复数) _____
53. get (动名词) _____
55. radio (复数) _____
57. mango (复数) _____
59. read (过去式) _____
61. China (形容词) _____
63. am (过去式) _____
6. good (副词) _____
8. walk (同义词组) _____
10. was (复数) _____
12. shop (动名词) _____
14. study (第三人称单数) _____
16. children (所有格) _____
18. two (序数词) _____
20. windy (名词) _____
22. black (对应词) _____
24. can't (过去式) _____
26. become (过去式) _____
28. meet (同音词) _____
30. lost (动词原形) _____
32. see (过去式) _____
34. took (原形) _____
36. me (复数) _____
38. sweep (过去式) _____
40. live (现在分词) _____
42. see (同音词) _____
44. heavy (反义词) _____
46. October (缩略式) _____
48. here (同音词) _____
50. make (动名词) _____
52. Thursday (缩略式) _____
54. write (过去式) _____
56. now (对应词) _____
58. use (过去式) _____
60. twelve (序数词) _____
62. take (过去式) _____
64. could not (缩写形式) _____

65. mean (第三人称单数形式) _____
67. look (现在分词) _____
69. climb (现在分词) _____
71. sign (复数) _____
73. litter (现在分词) _____
75. these (对应词) _____
77. walk (第三人称单数形式) _____
79. mess (形容词) _____
81. should not (缩略形式) _____
83. factory (复数) _____
66. bring (过去式) _____
68. should not (缩略形式) _____
70. do (第三人称单数形式) _____
72. swim (现在分词) _____
74. can't (完整形式) _____
76. clean (对应词) _____
78. live (现在分词) _____
80. too (同音词) _____
82. clean (反义词) _____



句型转换

1. Helen could ride a bike at the age of five. (对划线部分提问)

① ②

① _____ Helen _____ at the age of five?

② _____ Helen _____ a bike?

2. I went to school by car last Monday. (对划线部分提问)

_____ to school last Monday?

3. Su Hai found a new watch on the ground just now. (对划线部分提问)

_____ Su Hai _____ on the ground just now?

4. Helen had a picnic in the park last Saturday. (对划线部分提问)

_____ Helen _____ in the park last Saturday?

5. Liu Tao often watches TV at weekends. (对划线部分提问)

_____ Liu Tao often _____ at weekends?

6. My mother is watering the flowers in the garden now. (对划线部分提问)

_____ mother _____ in the garden now?

7. The boy didn't do his homework because he was ill. (对划线部分提问)

_____ the boy _____ his homework?

8. There was an apple in the fridge yesterday. (对划线部分提问)

_____ there in the fridge yesterday?

9. The children are having a PE lesson in the playground. (对划线部分提问)

_____ the children _____ in the playground?

10. It means "No eating and drinking". (对划线部分提问)

_____ does it _____?

11. This sign means "No Parking". (对划线部分提问)

_____ this sign mean?

12. It means "No climbing". (对划线部分提问)

What _____ it _____?

13. It means you can't litter here. (对画线部分提问)

14. We often come to school by bus every day. (对划线部分提问)

_____ often come to school every day?

15. Every student should keep the classroom clean. (对划线部分提问)

_____ should every student _____?

16. We can walk to school. (对划线部分提问)

17. Smoking makes the air dirty. (对划线部分提问)

_____ the air dirty?

18. He put it in the bin. (对划线部分提问)

_____ he put it?

19. We can plant trees and save energy to protect our Earth. (对划线部分提问)

_____ can we _____ our Earth?

20. Every student should keep the classroom clean. (对画线部分提问)

21. It means you shouldn't litter here. (对划线部分提问)

What _____ it _____?

22. We are going to see a parrot show tomorrow. (对划线部分提问)

_____ are you going to _____ tomorrow?

23. We are going to watch fireworks in the evening. (对划线部分提问)

_____ in the evening?

24. The man showed me some new clothes. (改为同义句)

The man _____ some new clothes _____ me.

25. We sit behind the boy in the classroom. (改为同义句)

The boy _____ in the classroom.

26. Mum showed me a new computer. (改为同义句)

Mum _____ a new computer _____ me.

27. Yang Ling is good at playing the piano. (改为同义句)

Yang Ling _____ playing the piano.

=Yang Ling _____ the piano _____.

28. Yang Ling went to the park by bus yesterday. (改为同义句)

Yang Ling _____ the bus _____ the park yesterday.

29. What a beautiful flower! (改为同义句)

_____ beautiful the flower _____!

30. There are no buses in the street. (改为同义句)

There _____ buses in the street.

31. He comes from America. (改为同义句)

He _____.

32. We shouldn't waste water. (改为同义句)

We _____ water.

33. They have a good time at Spring Festival. (改为同义句)

They have a _____ of _____ at Spring Festival.

34. I can play table tennis with you. (改为一般疑问句)

_____ table tennis with _____?

35. How beautiful the flower is! (改为同义句)

_____ flower it is!

36. I would like some noodles and cakes. (改为一般疑问句)

_____ like _____ noodles _____ cakes?

37. Mr. Green put some books on the desk just now. (改为否定句)

Mr. Green _____ books on the desk just now.

38. Was there a mango in the box? (改为复数句)

_____ there _____ in the _____?

39. Jack couldn't swim. Jack couldn't draw. (合并为一句)

Jack _____ swim _____ draw.

40. She visited her aunt yesterday. (用 tomorrow 替换 yesterday)

She is _____ visit her aunt tomorrow.

41. Miss Li teaches us English this term. (改为一般疑问句)

_____ Miss Li _____ English this term?

42. I would like to drink something. (改为一般疑问句)

_____ like to drink _____?

43. My father's hobby is playing table tennis. (改为同义句)

My father _____ table tennis.

44. The girl did some housework at home yesterday. (改为否定句)

The girl _____ housework at home yesterday.

45. Sam showed me many new toys. (改为同义句)

Sam showed _____ new toys _____ me.

46. He caught a big fish last week. (改成一般疑问句)

_____ he _____ a big fish last week?

47. He went to the supermarket just now. (否定句)

He _____ to the supermarket just now.

48. The students had a football match last Sunday. (用 now 替换 last Sunday)

The students _____ a football match _____.

49. She is reading a book about animals now. (用 at weekends 替换 now)

She _____ a book about animals _____.

50. There were some fashion shows at our school last week. (改为一般疑问句)

_____ fashion shows at _____ school last week?

51. They saw some ants and bees on their bread. (改为一般疑问句)

_____ they _____ ants _____ bees on their bread?

52. She had an Art lesson this morning. (用 tomorrow morning 改写句子)

She is _____ have an Art lesson tomorrow morning.

53. I was in the bedroom this morning. (改为一般疑问句)

_____ in the bedroom this morning?

54. My mother bought some fruit yesterday. (改为否定句)

My mother _____ fruit yesterday.

55. My grandma could do shopping on the Internet. (改为否定句)

My grandma _____ shopping on the Internet.

56. He does his homework in the evening. (改为否定句)

He _____ his homework in the evening

57. Mrs Brown did shopping on the Internet. (改为否定句)

Mrs Brown _____ shopping on the Internet.

58. The birds are flying in the sky now. (用 just now 替换 now)

The birds _____ in the sky _____.

59. You can take your juice into the shop. (改为否定句)

You _____ take your juice into the shop.

60. They are eating some noodles in a restaurant. (改为一般疑问句)

_____ they eating _____ noodles in a restaurant?

61. He wanted to keep the bedroom clean. He sweep the floor. (合并为一句)

He swept the floor _____ the bedroom clean.

62. Our city is clean. (变为一般疑问句)

63. This is a nice poster. (改为感叹句)

_____ nice poster!

64. You should save water. (改为一般疑问句)

_____ I _____ water?

65. Waste coal and oil, please. (改为否定句)

_____ waste _____, please.

66. I am going to watch a football game tomorrow. (改成一般疑问句)

_____ going to watch a football game tomorrow?

67. They are going to buy some new clothes. (用 she 改写句子)

68. Mr. Green wrote a letter to his friends last month. (用 tomorrow 改写句子)

Mr. Green is going _____ a letter to his friends tomorrow.

69. They're going to make some cakes and tang yuan. (改为否定句)

70. We are going to buy some flowers. (改为否定句)

We _____ to buy _____ flowers.

模块三 语篇阅读

完形填空

题组一：

A driver is going through a forest by _____. He sees a man and dog before the car. When the car comes _____ them, the dog starts to cross the road suddenly, the poor _____ is hit (被撞) by the car and killed (被杀死). The driver _____ his car and comes up to them. "I'm very _____." he says, "Is twenty yuan enough (够)?" "Oh," the man says, "Twenty yuan will be quite enough." With these words, the man puts the _____ in his pocket. When the car goes away, he looks down at the _____ dog. "What a poor dog!" he thinks "But _____ dog is it?"

1. A. car B. bus C. train D. plane
2. A. near B. far from C. under D. out of
3. A. man B. woman C. dog D. boy
4. A. drives B. gets on C. clean D. stops
5. A. good B. excited C. happy D. sorry
6. A. dog B. man C. money D. car
7. A. active B. dead C. clever D. happy
8. A. where B. whose C. which D. what

题组二：

There are four _____ in a year. They are spring, summer, autumn and winter. In spring, it is _____. The flowers come out and the trees _____ green. We usually _____ kites in the park. There is a lot of _____ in spring in our city. Summer is very hot. People usually _____ in summer. Autumn _____ in September. It is cool and sunny in autumn. People often _____ in autumn. It sometimes _____ in winter. Children can make _____ and have a good time.

9. A. months B. days C. seasons

10. A. hot B. warm C. cold
11. A. turn B. turns C. turned
12. A. fly B. flew C. flies
13. A. rain B. rains C. rainy
14. A. go skating B. go swimming C. go skiing
15. A. come B. goes C. comes
16. A. go climbing B. go skating C. go shopping
17. A. snows B. snow C. rains
18. A. snowman B. snowmen C. toys

题组三:

The Greens _____ in Hamilton. It is a _____ town. There are many gardens and parks in it. Grandpa Mark is 70 years old. He likes going fishing with Ryan and _____ chess(象棋) with his friends. The Greens often have Grandpa's fish _____ supper. Football is Ryan's _____ sport. He often plays it after class. Ryan's father, Peter, is an English teacher. He is good _____ basketball. He is on the basketball team of the town. Ryan has a sister. Her name is Betty. Betty likes swimming very much. She often swims during the summer holidays. Ryan and Betty like to _____ their father playing with other teams. Ryan's mother, Diana, likes sports, _____. She is good at _____ tennis(网球). Hamilton is small, _____ they love it.

19. A. live B. lives C. is live D. are live
20. A. small beautiful B. beautiful small C. big beautiful D. beautiful big
21. A. to play B. playing C. play D. plays
22. A. at B. on C. for D. with
23. A. the best B. favourite C. better D. good
24. A. for B. at C. with D. on
25. A. watch B. see C. look D. look at
26. A. also B. all C. either D. too
27. A. play B. plays C. playing D. to play
28. A. but B. and C. then D. or

题组四:

Mr. Black works on a farm. He and his wife grow a lot of _____ and they have some

_____. Every day they work _____ from morning _____ night. One day, Mr. Black says to his wife, "Let's go to Portsmouth _____ Sunday. We can have a good lunch there and then we can go to the cinema." His wife is very _____ when she hears this because they always eat a lot, and she doesn't like _____ three _____ a day. Then they go to Portsmouth by train and walk to a restaurant, they have a good time there.

29. A. vegetables B. pandas C. cows
 30. A. bird B. chickens C. duck
 31. A. hard B. hardly C. early
 32. A. go B. to C. at
 33. A. next B. last C. by
 34. A. happily B. happy C. sadly
 35. A. cook B. cooks C. cooking
 36. A. times B. time C. for

题组五:

I'm sure you know the Ugly Ducking. There is a _____ about the Ugly Ducking. But it isn't the same as Anderson's _____ The Ugly Ducking. The _____ of the film is The Ugly Ducking and Me.

"Me" here is Ratso. He is mouse. He _____ a big egg. Soon an ugly _____ comes out of it. Ratso _____ him "Ugly". The duck _____ Ratso is his father. But Ratso just wants to _____ money by letting Ugly put on shows. They _____ a trip. Many things _____ during their trip. Both Ratso and Ugly learn a lot about life and love.

37. A. film B. radio C. book
 38. A. note B. story C. cartoon
 39. A. name B. topic C. time
 40. A. gets B. eats C. cooks
 41. A. mouse B. chicken C. duck
 42. A. shouts B. calls C. cries
 43. A. wants B. thinks C. finds
 44. A. take B. use C. make
 45. A. start B. turn C. watch

46. A. meet B. lose C. happen

题组六:

My father was born in a small town. The _____ was near a mountain. The mountain was green. The air was _____. People there loved their town very much and _____ planted many trees and flowers _____ the mountain. Near the mountain, people grew a lot of different _____. They also fed cows, horses, _____, chickens and ducks. The rivers were very clean, and people went _____ in spring and summer. Children played a lot of _____ together at the foot of the mountain. My father said they were not rich, but they were happy at that time.

47. A. school B. family C. town
48. A. clean B. bad C. soft
49. A. they B. we C. he
50. A. on B. under C. above
51. A. children B. vegetables C. presents
52. A. sheep B. students C. dumplings
53. A. running B. shopping C. fishing
54. A. footballs B. games C. pianos

题组七:

We have only one _____. We get land (土地), air and water from the Earth. We should _____ these things. We should keep _____ clean.

Farmers grow _____ on land. Food from _____ land is bad for us. We should keep the land clean. We cannot build too many houses. There is not much land _____ Earth for farming. We should save land.

We all need water. We cannot live _____ water. We drink it and use it _____ many things. But there is not much water in many places. In some places, dirty water from factories pollutes (污染) the rivers. Some people waste water.

We should take care of the _____ too. We need it to _____.

55. A. city B. Earth C. school
56. A. take care of B. look for C. look out
57. A. it B. them C. they
58. A. food B. flowers C. trees

59. A. good B. clean C. dirty
 60. A. on B. in C. at
 61. A. in B. with C. without
 62. A. do B. to do C. doing
 63. A. water B. air C. land
 64. A. live B. smell C. use

题组八:

At Christmas, the Browns go shopping in their _____. In the shop, they see a lot of _____ Mrs Brown likes them very much. She _____ a shirt for their son, a skirt for their daughter _____ a sweater for Mr Brown. _____ buys herself a blouse too. _____ about twelve, they go home. But they lose their way. Mr Brown _____ to an old man and asks, " _____ am I? Please tell me. "The old man looks _____ him and the car. "You are in your car, sir," he _____.

65. A. bus B. car C. train D. plane
 66. A. food B. shoes C. hats D. clothes
 67. A. buys B. sells C. makes D. borrows
 68. A. but B. or C. so D. and
 69. A. They B. He C. She D. Her
 70. A. In B. For C. At D. On
 71. A. leaves B. drives C. flies D. swims
 72. A. Where B. What C. How D. Who
 73. A. after B. at C. like D. for
 74. A. reads B. listens C. sings D. says



阅读理解

题组一:

Everybody wants to be healthy. You know food is very important. There are many healthy foods. You can have more bananas, apples, oranges, tomatoes and lettuce because fruits and vegetables are good for you. But don't eat too much chocolate. It's not good for you. It's not healthy food. Healthy food can make you grow and make you strong and happy. Remember there

8. What is Bill doing? ()

A. Watching TV. B. At home. C. Doing homework. D. Playing computer games.

9. What time does his father come back? ()

A. At seven. B. At nine. C. At ten. D. At eleven.

10. Which orange does Bill like? ()

A. The smallest one. B. The red one. C. The biggest one. D. The green one.

题组三:

Aunt Jane's birthday is coming. Her birthday is on the 18th of November. She will be forty years old. My father is younger than his sister. Dad and Mum are going to take me to her home. We are going to go there by train. We are leaving on Friday morning. And we are coming back on Sunday afternoon. The birthday party will be on Saturday. I am going to give my dear Aunt Jane a card. Look! I am making it now. I am using my colour pencils to draw some nice flowers on the card. I think Aunt Jane will like them very much. I am going to draw Aunt Jane a small cat on it, too. Because she likes cats. The card will be very beautiful. Dad says his sister will like it very much. I feel very happy.

11. Aunt Jane is _____ sister. ()

A. my mother's B. my father's C. my sister's

12. Aunt Jane will be _____ years old. ()

A. 40 B. 44 C. 14

13. I'm going to give my aunt _____. ()

A. a cat B. a card C. some flowers

14. We are going there _____. ()

A. on Friday B. on Saturday C. on Sunday

15. It will be a _____ trip. ()

A. one-day B. two-day C. three-day

题组四:

Americans usually eat three meals a day. Breakfast usually comes before eight o'clock in the morning. They usually have eggs, some meat, bread, fruit juice and coffee. Lunch is between twelve and one o'clock. It is like a light meal and working people must take lunch with them or

get it near workplace.

Children in school take sandwiches, fruit, and cookies with them or eat in school. Supper, the main meal, is between six and eight in the evening. People cook it carefully. They may have meat or chicken, turkey and duck. They may all have potatoes or rice, vegetables or salad. The drink is coffee, tea or milk. Then comes the dessert.

16. Americans have breakfast _____. ()
A. after eight o'clock B. at eight o'clock
C. before eight o'clock in the morning D. in the morning
17. _____ is the most important meal in a day. ()
A. Breakfast B. Lunch C. Meals D. Supper
18. What does "light" mean in Chinese? ()
A. 重的 B. 有用的 C. 轻的 D. 不太重要的
19. When Americans have supper, _____ comes last. ()
A. drink B. meat C. dessert D. vegetables

题组五:

The New World Shopping Mall	
Shops	Floor
Shoes&Jewellery (珠宝)	1st
Clothes for ladies (女士)	2nd
Clothes for men	3rd
Book shop&Electrical shops	4th
Sports world&Clothes for children	5th
Cinema, Restaurant&Cafe	6th

Address:245-249 Newland. Street

Opening hours: Monday to Friday: 8: 00: 00; Saturday Sunday: 9:00 22: 00"

20. How many floors does the mall have? ()

- A. Four B. Five C. Six D. Seven

21. Mr Green wants to buy a new TV He can go to the _____ floor. ()

- A. first B. second C. fourth D. fifth

22. What can't Tom buy on the fifth floor? ()

- A. a dress for his sister. B. a pair of shoes for his five-year-old brother.
C. football for himself. D. basketball for his cousin

23. What can't Tom do on the sixth floor? ()

- A. Enjoy a film. B. Have a drink. C. Have meal. D. Buy book.

24. Which of the following is NOT true? ()

- A. The shopping mall is open every day.
B. You can play ball games on the fifth floor.
C. The shopping mall is closed at twenty-one on weekends.

题组六:

It is March 12. It's Tree Planting Day. There are many people on the hills. They're planting trees. People plant many trees today. Plants are important to us. They can make food from the air, water and sunlight. But animals and people can't do so. Animals and people can get food from plants. Without plants, life will not go on. Plants make the air Clean. They can keep water from flowing away(流失). They can stop wind from blowing plant more trees and grow more plants. They will try to protect the trees, about floods up sand and earth.

But in some places people are cutting down too many trees. This brings about floods and sandstorm. Now more and more people know that plants are important. They will plant more trees and grow more plants. They will try to protect the trees.

25. Trees planting Day is on _____. ()

- A. the twentieth of March B. the twelfth of March C. March13th

26. _____ can make food from the air, water and sunlight. ()

- A. People B. Animals C. Plants

27. Life needs _____ to go on. ()

- A. food from plants B. animals C. sand

28. What can plants do? ()

- A. They can make the air clean and stop the wind.

B. They can keep the water from flowing away.

C. Both A and B.

29. _____ will try to protect the plants ()

A. Some people

B. More and more people

C. No people

题组七:

People make old things into new things. This is called recycling. People can recycle only some materials(材料), such as(例如) paper, glass, plastics, clothing, computers, mobile phones and metal(金属).

Food cannot be recycled. How do students recycle at school? Students make recycling boxes for cans, glass bottles and paper. They try to use recycled things. Recycling is good for our Earth. We should protect the Earth.

30. Recycling is making _____ things into _____ things. ()

A. old; new

B. new; old

C. new; new

31. _____ can be recycled. ()

A. Fruit

B. Metal

C. Drinks

32. _____ cannot be recycled. ()

A. Glass

B. Paper

C. Food

33. Students make _____ for cans, glass bottles and paper. ()

A. recycling paper

B. recycling boxes

C. recycling clue

34. Which is the best title(题目)? ()

A. Recycling.

B. Protecting.

C. Saving.

题组八:

The first Dragon Boat Festival was held in Hunan. Every year, people always have a dragon boat match. The dragon boat is quite long. There are pictures of dragons on each side. The front of the boat is like the head of a dragon. Each team (队) of the match has twenty members. Beside them there is a man on the boat. He beats a drum (鼓). It's an exciting match, especially (尤其, 特别) when they are getting to the end. The audiences (观众) beside the lake shout for their favourite teams. From this match, we have the name of the festival—Dragon Boat Festival.

This special festival has another name—Duanwu Festival. It has a story. The story is about a poet called Qu Yuan.

模块四 书面表达



编写童话类作文

根据图片和提示，编写一个童话故事，要求使用一般过去时，情节通顺，语法正确，不少于5句话。



提示词汇：find—found (发现) couldn't (不能) think—thought (想) straw (吸管) put—put (放)

Long long ago, there was a crow. He was very thirsty.



描述外出经历作文

看图写话。不少于5句，注意要符合图意，语句通顺，语法规范。





描写假期类作文

同学们，令人期待的寒假即将来临！去年的寒假是不是还记忆犹新？你都做了些什么？今年的寒假也即将拉开帷幕，你又将如何度过呢？

请以 My winter holiday 为题，根据下面表格中的要点提示写一篇短文。

要求：1. 语句通顺，标点正确，时态准确。

2. 不少于 5 句话。同时注意书写规范，字迹工整哦！

My winter holiday		
When	What	How
Last year	Sports: play table tennis ...	It was ...
This year	Learning: have swimming lessons ... Entertainment: watch films ...	It is going to be ...

My winter holiday

That will be wonderful!



今昔对比类作文

同学们，请你以“Then and now”为题，说一说你自己六年前与现在的变化，比如：外貌、年龄、身高、爱好、能力等等的变化。

要求：书写整洁美观；注意时态的正确使用；书面表达不少于 5 句。

短语提示：ride a bike, read, draw, play football, play the piano, do many things...

Then and now



描写标志类作文

以“Signs around us”为题写一篇短文，说说你在公共场所见到的标识（至少3个）它们的意义以及他们对你的影响等。

要求：语句通顺，书写清晰，规范，不少于5句



维护环境类作文

我们要从身边的小事做起，从保持我们的学校干净开始做起，为文明城市贡献自己的一份力量！

要求：

1.请结合思维导图的提示，以“How to keep our school clean?”为主题谈谈自己的思考。（不少于5句话，不包括已给的开头）。

2.语法准确、语句通顺、书写工整、注意标点。

3.可适当发挥。



Keep our school clean

To keep our school clean and beautiful, we

 保护地球类作文

请你以“*How to protect the Earth*”为题写一篇小短文。

How to protect the Earth

To protect the Earth, we should plant trees and grass in spring.

We should use paper bags and glass bottles.



描述节日类作文

同学们，你喜欢春节吗？今年的春节你准备怎么度过呢？请围绕“My plan for Chinese New Year”这个话题，为自己制定一个春节计划。要求：语句通顺，表达有条理，书写规范，不少于 5 句话。

My plan for Chinese New Year

参考答案

模块一 单项选择

名词

1-5 BBBBC 6-10 AABAB 11-15 CCBCA 16-20 CBCAC 21-25 BCCCB 26-30 AABBA 31-35
CCBCA 36-40 CAABB 41-45 CBCCB 46-50.CBACC 51-55 BBCCB 56-60 CBBAC 61-65
AACCB 66-70 BBBCB 71.C

动词

1-5 ABCCB 6-10. CABAC 11-15 CBCCC 16-20 ACBCC 21-25 ABCBA 26-30 DBCCC
31-35 CADCB 36-40 AACBA 41-45 AABAB 46-50 AACBB 51-55 BCCBC 56 B

介词

1-5 CCACA 6-10. ACBAB 11-15 CBCAC 16-20 CACCC 21-25 CBBBB 26-30 CCCCC 31-35
CCCCC 36-40 CCABA 41-45 ACCCC 46-50 CCACB 51 C

形容词

1-5 BBBBA 6-10. BABCB 11-15 BBBBC 16-20 BBDCB 21-23 BBC

模块二 基础知识

英汉互译

1 . told laughed 2 . at laughed 3 . walked through street clothes 4 . make new for 5 . ago stupid
King 6 . were people in 7 . your turn 8 . Foolish people them 9 . Each student sentence 10 . were
people street 11 . Long long ago was 12 . have to again 13 . make for 14 . turn thinking 15 . laugh
at 16 . Each studies 17 . nice to 18. 她怎么了? 19 . told us 20 . shouting at 21 . What brought
22 . met park 23 . Where go went picked 24 . weren't clouds 25 . wanted to lost way 26 . didn't do
a lot 27 . watched interesting 28 . is flying so high 29 . to get up 30 . black clouds 31 . What
Wednesday 32 . brought bottle 33 . was sunny all day 34 . told her 35 . her students are playing 36 .
was parrot show 37 . Every says 38 . looks wrong with 39 . saw funny 40 . He I went by car 41 .
interesting fashion 42 . call wanted give 43 . called him wasn't 44 . Where go went visited 45 . was
isn't 46 . were front 47 . went by 48 . Bund saw things 49 . went well 50 . How about 51 . National
Great Wall 52 . bought us food drinks 53 . call Because 54 . came back National Day 55 . picked
fishing 56 . pick on 57 . read newspapers for 58 . looking out 59 . e-friends all over 60 . couldn't
write 61 . bought things 62 . mobile phones 63 . out of 64 . couldn't play years 65 . What did do
Saturday did 66 . could read draw year 67 . e-friends chat 68 . did do wrote letters 69 . listening to
radio do 70 . day is Wednesday 71 . make sentences with 72 . are doing are having English lesson
73 . There's shouldn't go in 74 . smoking smell 75 . wanted return 76 . take into 77 . does mean
enter 78 . No smoking. 79 . No littering. 80 . No eating or drinking. 81 . I'm so sorry. 82 . What does
mean means park 83 . can't litter 84 . take into 85 . walk on right 86 . shouldn't throw 87 . drives
88 . to keep move away from 89 . museums around 90 . What can we do to keep the air clean? Plant
trees. 91 . don't or keep clean 92 . I like eating bananas. 93 . Bobby throws a banana skin on the
ground. 94 . much plastic for 95 . throw peel 96 . 你为什么给我打电话? 因为我想把这条鱼给
你. 97 . 你的/你们的假期怎么样? 它很有趣. 98 . 你假期做了什么? 99 . 多么有趣啊!
100 . 天气怎么样?

词形变换

1. wore 2. could 3. their 4. told 5. angrily 6. well 7. clever 8. on foot 9. them 10. were
11. lived 12. shopping 13. made 14. studies 15. people 16. children's 17. sad
18. second 19. done 20. wind 21. happy 22. white 23. flew 24. couldn't 25. sunny
26. became 27. hi 28. meat 29. brought 30. lose 31. became 32. saw 33. sad
34. take 35. lost 36. us 37. ate 38. swept 39. drew 40. living 41. worries
42. sea 43. 2nd 44. thin 45. fish 46. Oct. 47. many 48. hear 49. drank 50. making
51. holidays 52. Thur. 53. getting 54. wrote 55. radios 56. then 57. mangoes##mangos
58. used 59. read 60. twelfth 61. Chinese 62. took 63. was 64. couldn't 65. means 66. brought
67. looking 68. shouldn't 69. climbing 70. does 71. signs 72. swimming 73. littering
74. can not 75. those 76. messy 77. walks 78. living 79. messy 80. two 81. shouldn't
82. dirty 83. factories 84. messy 85. makes 86. gave 87. good 88. buses 89. photos
90. watered 91. were 92. fireworks 93. excited/exciting 94. gives 95. going 96. packets

句型转换

1. What could do When could ride
2. How did you go
3. What did find
4. What did do
5. What does do
6. What is your doing
7. Why didn't do
8. How many apples were
9. What are doing
10. What mean
11. What does
12. does mean
13. What does it mean?
14. How do you
15. What do
16. How can you go to school?
17. What makes
18. Where did
19. What do to protect
20. What should every student do?
21. does mean
22. What do
23. What are you going to do
24. showed to
25. sits in front of us
26. showed to
27. does well in plays well
28. took to
29. How is
30. aren't any

- 31 . is from America
- 32 . should save
- 33 . lot fun
- 34 . Can I play you
- 35 . What a beautiful
- 36 . Would you any or
- 37 . didn't put any
- 38 . Were any mangoes boxes
- 39 . couldn't or
- 40 . going to
- 41 . Does teach us
- 42 . Would you something
- 43 . likes playing
- 44 . didn't do any
- 45 . a lot of to
- 46 . Did catch
- 47 . didn't go
- 48 . are having now
- 49 . reads at weekends
- 50 . Were there any your
- 51 . Did see any or
- 52 . going to
- 53 . Were you
- 54 . didn't buy any
- 55 . couldn't do
- 56 . doesn't do
- 57 . did not###didn't do
- 58 . flew just now
- 59 . can't
- 60 . Are any
- 61 . to keep
- 62 . Is your city clean?
- 63 . What a
- 64 . Should save
- 65 . Don't coal or oil
- 66 . Are you
- 67 . She is going to buy some new clothes.
- 68 . to write
- 69 . They aren't going to make some cakes or tang yuan.##They are not going to make some cakes or tang yuan.
- 70 . are not going any
- 71 . Is Helen going
- 72 . going to clean

完形填空

1-5. AACDD 6-10. CBBCB 11-15. AAABC 16-20. AABAB 21-25. BCBBA 26-30. DCAAB
31-35. ABABC 36-40. AABAA 41-45. CBBCA 46-50. CCAAA 51-55. BACBB 56-60. ABACA
61-65. CBBAB 66-70. DADCC 71-74. BABD

阅读理解

1-5. BADCC 6-10. ABADC 11-15. BABAB 16-20. CDDCC 21-25. CBDCB 26-30. CACBA
31-35. BCBAC 36-39. BDAC

模块四 书面表达

1. 范文:

Long long ago, there was a crow. He was very thirsty. He wanted to drink some water. He found a bottle, and there was some water in it. But the neck of the bottle was too long; the crow couldn't get the water. The crow thought and thought, and then he found a boy was using a straw to drink water. He put the straw in the bottle; then he could drink the water. What a clever crow!

2. 范文:

It was sunny in the morning. Su Hai and I went to the park by bike. There were many people there. Some people had a picnic in the park. Then, the weather became windy and cloudy. We flew kites high in the sky. We were very happy. In the evening, I had a big dinner with my family at home.

3. 范文:

My winter holiday

Last winter holiday, I went to Harbin with my parents. We stayed there for a week. I made a snowman with my father. It was interesting!

This year, I'm going to visit my grandpa in Sanya. We will go to the beach. I'm going to swim in the sea. I will buy some gifts for my friends.

That will be wonderful!

4. 例文

Then and now

I was six years old six years ago. But now I'm twelve. I was short and thin then, but now I'm tall and strong. I liked watching cartoons, but now I don't like watching them. I liked drawing pictures then, now I like reading books. When I was six, I couldn't do many things, but now I can do them very well. I couldn't ride a bike then, but now I can ride it very well. Now I like playing football after school, and I can play it well. And now I can play the piano.

5. 略

6. 范文:

Keep our school clean

To keep our school clean and beautiful, we should start from ourselves. First, we should clean our classroom every day. Then we should throw the litter into the dustbin. We shouldn't litter everywhere. Thirdly, we should plant more trees and flowers in our school. We shouldn't destroy the trees and flowers. I believe our school will be more beautiful and cleaner.

7. 范文:

How to Protect the Earth

To protect the Earth, we should plant trees and grass in spring. We should not litter. We should save water and energy. We can go to school or go to work by bus, by bike or on foot. We should reuse paper. We should use paper bags and glass bottles.

8. 范文:

My plan for Chinese New Year

It's going to be Chinese New Year. On Chinese New Year's Eve, we are going to buy food and new clothes. We are going to clean our house. On Chinese New Year's Day, we are going to get up early in the morning. We are going to set off firecrackers. We are going to cook delicious food. We are going to have a big family dinner. In the afternoon, we are going to have a rest. Then we are going to watch Spring Festival Gala. On the second day of Chinese New Year, we are going to visit our relatives and friends.

努力多一天
幸福多一天!!!



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